

EYLÜL 2023 TARİH BASKILI
LABOR ECONOMICS
DERS KİTABINA İLİŞKİN DÜZELTME CETVELİ

1- Ünite 1, 25. Sayfa “Neler Öğrendik” başlığı altındaki 3.Soru “E” şıkkı eklenmiştir.

3 If 60 million are in the working-age population and the labor force participation rate is 60%, then: -----.

Which of the following completes the sentence above?

- A. 36 million are outside the labor force
- B. 36 million are employed or are looking for work
- C. 36 million are employed
- D. 24 million are unemployed
- E. 12 million are unemployed”

2- Ünite 4, 118. Sayfa ilk paragraftaki “Figure 4.19 olan ifade 4.17” olarak aşağıdaki gibi düzenlenmiştir.

As it is probably apparent from Panels A and B of Figure 4.17, the effect of the subsidy on employment and wages is the same regardless of whether it is the workers or employers that receive the subsidy.

Similar to the case of the payroll tax, employment subsidies also give rise to inefficiency. This is again measured by the size of the deadweight loss, which is given by the area ABC in both panels of Figure 4.17. A deadweight loss arises because more than the efficient number of worker hours (E_0) are employed. The excess employment is given by $E_1 - E_0$.